UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM :	10-Q
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	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO S	ECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECU For the quarterly period ended S OR			
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO S				
		Commission File Number	: 001-33718		
		U.S. STEM CE	LL, INC	2.	
		(Exact name of registrant as spe			
	<u>Florida</u>			<u>65-0945967</u>	
	(State or other jurisdiction of incorporat	ion or organization		(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	
		13794 NW 4th Street, Suite 212, S (Address of principal executive			
		(Registrant's telephone number,		code)	
preced	e by check mark whether the registrant (1) h ing 12 months (or for such shorter period that s. Yes \boxtimes No \square				
submit	e by check mark whether the registrant has ted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulquired to submit and post such files). Yes 🖂	lation S-T (§232.045 of this chapter)			
	e by check mark whether the registrant is a lar accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "sma				pany. See definitions of
Non-A	accelerated filer ccelerated filer t check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company	×	Accelerated filer Emerging growth company	
If an e	merging growth company, indicate by check is al accounting standards provided pursuant to	nark if the registrant has elected not to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. [o use the exten	ded transition period for complying wi	th any new or revised
Indica	e by check mark whether the registrant is a sh	ell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2	2 of the Exchan	ge Act). Yes □ No ⊠	
As of I	November 7th, 2017, there were 341,284,817	outstanding shares of the Registrant's	common stock,	par value \$0.001 per share.	
Transi	ional Small Business Disclosure Format Yes	□ No ⊠			

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PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1.

Interim Condensed Financial Statements and Notes to Interim Financial Statements

General

The accompanying reviewed condensed interim financial unaudited statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q. Therefore, they do not include all information and footnotes necessary for a complete presentation of financial position, results of operations, cash flows, and stockholders' deficit in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Except as disclosed herein, there has been no material change in the information disclosed in the notes to the financial statements included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations and financial position have been included and all such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results that can be expected for the year ending December 31, 2017.

U.S. STEM CELL, INC. CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

	September 30, 2017		2016	
ACCETC	(1	unaudited)		
ASSETS Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	956,615	\$	270,720
Accounts receivable, net	Ψ	114,991	Ψ	16,025
Inventory		58,992		42,218
Total current assets		1,130,598		328,963
Property and equipment, net		503,508		20,969
Other assets				
Investments		55,953		67,544
Deposits		10,160		10,160
Deposits		10,100		10,100
Total assets	\$	1,700,219	\$	427,636
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT				
Current liabilities:	ď.	1 /10 711	¢	1 200 202
Accounts payable, including \$184,054 and \$108,504 to related parties, respectively Accrued expenses	\$	1,419,711 866,089	\$	1,290,292 904,772
Advances, related party		104,901		104,901
Deferred revenue		286,855		126.932
Deferred gain on sale of equipment		128,845		-
Deposits		465,286		465,286
Promissory note, short term portion, net of debt discount of \$0 and \$71,449, respectively				3,551
Notes payable, related party		1,956,726		2,290,285
Notes and capital leases payable, net of debt discount of \$72,358 and \$103,479, respectively		1,206,518		680,336
Derivative liabilities		<u> </u>		297,156
Total current liabilities		6,434,931		6,163,511
Long term debt:		60.250		71.500
Deferred revenue		69,250		71,500
Deferred gain on sale of equipment Long term deposits		182,531 100,000		-
Promissory note, long term portion, net of debt discount of \$186,687 and \$169,072, respectively		1,211,075		1,228,690
Notes and capital lease payable, long term portion, net of debt discount of \$37,098 and \$0, respectively		1,237,895		982,579
Total long term debt		2,800,751		2,282,769
Total rong total cook		2,000,701		2,202,703
Total liabilities		9,235,682		8,446,280
Commitments and contingencies		-		-
Stockholders' deficit:				
Preferred stock, par value \$0.001; 20,000,000 shares authorized, -0- and 20,000,000 issued and				
outstanding as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively		_		20,000
Common stock, par value \$0.001; 2,000,000,000 shares authorized, 339,301,983 and 127,012,740				20,000
shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively		339,302		127,013
Additional paid in capital		120,100,363		115,981,103
Accumulated deficit		(127,975,128)		(124,146,760)
Total stockholders' deficit		(7,535,463)		(8,018,644)
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$	1,700,219	\$	427,636
	_			

U.S. STEM CELL, INC. CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (unaudited)

	Т	hree months end	led S	September 30, 2016	Nine months endo	ed Se	eptember 30, 2016
Revenue:					_		
Products	\$	527,015	\$	345,274	\$ 1,523,004	\$	1,211,609
Services		979,503		384,539	2,524,411		907,372
Total revenue		1,506,518		729,813	4,047,415		2,118,981
Cost of sales		482,932		332,522	1,228,126	_	722,276
Gross profit		1,023,586		397,291	2,819,289		1,396,705
Cost and operating expenses:							
Research and development		3,753		1,847	12,242		9,313
Marketing, general and administrative		2,023,986		1,413,929	3,638,705		2,676,415
Depreciation and amortization		52,882		1,501	124,984		3,926
Total operating expenses		2,080,621		1,417,277	3,775,931		2,689,654
Income (loss) from operations		(1,057,035)		(1,019,986)	(956,642)		(1,292,949)
Other income (expenses):							
Gain (loss) on settlement of debt		245,662		(23,133)	(137,198)		49,681
Gain on sale of equipment		32,212		-	75,160		500
Loss on change of fair value of derivative liability		-		(413,217)	(1,891,205)		(269,822)
Income from equity investment		39,400		54,729	178,409		85,927
Loss on litigation settlement		-		-	(316,800)		-
Other income		-		-	-		24,741
Interest expense		(191,933)		(278,798)	(780,092)		(994,713)
Total other income (expenses)		125,341		(660,419)	(2,871,726)		(1,103,686)
Net loss before income taxes		(931,694)		(1,680,405)	(3,828,368)		(2,396,635)
Income taxes (benefit)				-	-		-
NET LOSS	\$	(931,694)	\$	(1,680,405)	\$ (3,828,368)	\$	(2,396,635)
Net loss per common share, basic and diluted	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.09)	\$ (0.01)	\$	(0.28)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic and diluted		337,417,859	_	18,289,275	298,041,880		8,628,866

U.S. STEM CELL, INC. CONDENSED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 (unaudited)

	Preferred stock Common stock Shares Amount Shares Amount				Accumulated Deficit	Total	
Balance, December 31,	20,000,000	£ 20,000	127 012 740			¢ (124.146.760)	¢ (0.010.644)
2016 Common stock issued in settlement of accounts payable and accrued	20,000,000	\$ 20,000	, ,	\$ 127,013	\$ 115,981,103	\$ (124,146,760)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
interest	-	-	12,075,754	12,075	680,356	-	692,431
Common stock issued in connection with							
settlement of other debt	_	_	164,270,878	164,271	2,081,013		2,245,284
Common stock issued in	-	_	104,270,070	104,271	2,001,013	-	2,243,204
settlement of note							
payable, related party	_	-	1,748,947	1,749	56,852	_	58,601
Common stock issued			,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			1 1,11
upon conversion of							
preferred stock	(20,000,000)	(20,000	20,000,000	20,000	-	-	-
Common stock issued in							
settlement of litigation	-	-	11,000,000	11,000	305,800	-	316,800
Proceeds from issuance of							•=0 000
common stock	-	-	3,193,664	3,194	246,806	-	250,000
Reclassify derivative							
liability to equity upon payoff of notes payable					185,505		185,505
Stock based	-		<u>-</u>	-	165,505	<u>-</u>	165,505
compensation	_	_	_	_	562,928	_	562.928
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(3,828,368)	(3,828,368)
Balance, September 30,							
2017 (unaudited)	-	\$ -	339,301,983	\$ 339,302	\$ 120,100,363	\$ (127,975,128)	\$ (7,535,463)

U.S. STEM CELL, INC. CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited)

		Nine months ended 2017		d September 30, 2016	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Net loss	\$	(3,828,368)	\$	(2,396,635)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		104.004		2.026	
Depreciation and amortization		124,984		3,926	
Bad debt (recoveries) expense Discount on convertible debt		(1,327) 167,795		21,204 556,910	
Change in fair value of derivative liability		1,891,205		269,822	
Loss (gain) on settlement of debt		137,198		(49,681)	
Gain on sale of equipment		(75,160)		(500)	
Related party notes payable issued for services rendered		800,000		800,000	
Common stock issued in settlement of litigation		316,800		-	
Non cash payment of interest		-		193,946	
Net non cash interest added to capital lease		173,511		-	
Income on equity investments		(178,409)		(85,927)	
Stock based compensation		562,928		329,431	
Change in fair value of re-priced employee options		-		934	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Receivables		(97,639)		(20,030)	
Inventory		(16,774)		(23,008)	
Prepaid and other current assets		-		4,832	
Accounts payable		519,352		78,504	
Accrued expenses		372,360		176,102	
Deferred revenue		157,673		26,738	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		1,026,129		(113,432)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from (payments to) equity investments		190,000		115,000	
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		400,000		500	
Proceeds from long term deposits		100,000		-	
Acquisition of property and equipment		(1,162)		(12,581)	
Net cash provided by investing activities		688,838		102,919	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from notes payable		154,785		523,089	
Proceeds from sale of common stock		250,000		-	
Net proceeds from related party advances		-		15,000	
Purchase of treasury stock		-		(7,817)	
Repayments of related party notes		(1,083,559)		(103,326)	
Repayments of notes payable		(350,298)		(228,814)	
Net cash (used in) provided in financing activities		(1,029,072)		198,132	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		685,895		187,619	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		270,720		58,372	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	956,615	\$	245,991	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION	•	151 000	¢	40.21.4	
Interest paid Income taxes paid	\$\$ \$	151,228	\$ \$	49,214	
	<u></u>		-		
Non cash financing activities:	*	111.0=0	Φ.	207.71	
Common stock issued in settlement of notes payable	<u>\$</u>	111,972	\$	385,710	
Common stock issued in settlement of accounts payable	\$	692,431	\$	103,516	
Common stock issued in settlement of note, related party	\$	58,601	\$	10,000	
Common stock issued or issuable in settlement of litigation	\$	316,800	\$,	
-	<u>-</u>				
Sale and leaseback of equipment	<u>\$</u>	619,825	\$		
Reclassify derivative liability to equity	\$	185,505	\$	_	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_	_	

(unaudited)

NOTE 1 — SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies applied in the presentation of the accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements follows:

General

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements of U.S. Stem Cell, Inc. (the "Company") have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations (Regulation S-X) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and with the instructions to Form 10-O. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The results from operations for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended December 31, 2017. The unaudited condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the December 31, 2016 audited financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Basis and business presentation

U.S. Stem Cell, Inc. was incorporated under the laws of the State of Florida in August, 1999. The Company is in the cardiovascular sector of the cell technology industry delivering cell therapies and biologics that help address congestive heart failure, lower limb ischemia, chronic heart ischemia, acute myocardial infarctions and other issues. The primary business includes the development of proprietary cell therapy products as well as revenue generating physician and patient based regenerative medicine/cell therapy training services, revenues realized from an Asset Sale and Lease Agreement related to the segment of the Company business involving collecting, growing and banking cell cultures and treatment kits for humans and animals, and the operation of a cell therapy clinic. To date, the Company has not generated significant sales revenues in that they remain less than their total operating expenses, has incurred expenses, and has sustained losses. Consequently, its operations are subject to all the risks inherent in the establishment of a research and development business enterprise.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 605-10, Revenue Recognition ("ASC 605-10") which requires that four basic criteria must be met before revenue can be recognized: (1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists; (2) delivery has occurred; (3) the selling price is fixed and determinable; and (4) collectability is reasonably assured. Determination of criteria (3) and (4) are based on management's judgments regarding the fixed nature of the selling prices of the products delivered and the collectability of those amounts. Provisions for discounts and rebates to customers, estimated returns and allowances, and other adjustments are provided for in the same period the related sales are recorded.

At the time of each transaction, management assesses whether the fee associated with the transaction is fixed or determinable and whether or not collection is reasonably assured. The assessment of whether the fee is fixed or determinable is based upon the payment terms of the transaction. Collectability is assessed based on a number of factors, including past transaction history with the client and the creditworthiness of the client.

The Company's primary sources of revenue are from the sale of test kits and equipment, training services, patient treatments and laboratory services, and cell banking.

Revenues for kits and equipment sold are not recorded until kits and equipment are received by the customer. Revenues from trainings are recognized when the training occurs. Any cash received as a deposit for trainings are recorded by the Company as a liability.

(unaudited)

Patient treatments and laboratory services revenue are recognized when those services have been completed or satisfied.

Revenues for cell banking sales are accounted for as Multiple-Element Arrangements under ASC 605-10 which incorporates Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 605-25, Multiple-Element Arrangements ("ASC 605-25"). ASC 605-25 addresses accounting for arrangements that may involve the delivery or performance of multiple products, services and/or rights to use assets. Because the Company sells its services separately, on more than a limited basis and at a price within a narrow range, the Company was able to allocate revenue based on vendor-specific objective evidence of fair value (VSOE). The multiple elements include stem cell banking, dose retrieval and yearly storage fees.

At September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had deferred revenues of \$356,105 and \$198,432, respectively.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include the fair value of the Company's stock, stock-based compensation, fair values relating to derivative liabilities, debt discounts and the valuation allowance related to deferred tax assets. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Accounts Receivable

Trade receivables are carried at their estimated collectible amounts. Trade credit is generally extended on a short-term basis; thus trade receivables do not bear interest. Trade accounts receivable are periodically evaluated for collectability based on past credit history with customers and their current financial condition.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Any charges to the allowance for doubtful accounts on accounts receivable are charged to operations in amounts sufficient to maintain the allowance for uncollectible accounts at a level management believes is adequate to cover any probable losses. Management determines the adequacy of the allowance based on historical write-off percentages and the current status of accounts receivable. Accounts receivable are charged off against the allowance when collectability is determined to be permanently impaired. As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, allowance for doubtful accounts was \$11,154 and \$12,487, respectively.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market with cost being determined on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis. The Company writes down its inventory for estimated obsolescence or unmarketable inventory equal to the difference between the cost of inventory and the estimated market value based upon assumptions about future demand and market conditions. If actual market conditions are less favorable than those projected by management, additional inventory write-downs may be required. During the periods presented, there were no inventory write-downs.

<u>Investments</u>

The Company follows Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 323-10, Investments-Equity Methods and Joint Ventures ("ASC 323-10) which requires the accounting for investments where the Company can exert significant influence, but not control of a joint venture or equity investment. The Company accounted for its 33 percent member interest ownership of U.S. Stem Cell Clinic, LLC utilizing the equity method of accounting. (See Note 3)

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. For leased equipment, assets are the recorded at the estimated present value of the future minimum lease payments. When retired or otherwise disposed, the related carrying value and accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and the net difference less any amount realized from disposition, is reflected in earnings. For financial statement purposes, property and equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives of 3 to 15 years.

Stock Based Compensation

The Company measures the cost of services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the fair value of the award. For employees and directors, the fair value of the award is measured on the grant date and for non-employees, the fair value of the award is generally re-measured on vesting dates and interim financial reporting dates until the service period is complete. The fair value amount is then recognized over the period during which services are required to be provided in exchange for the award, usually the vesting period. Stock-based compensation expense is recorded by the Company in the same expense classifications in the statements of operations, as if such amounts were paid in cash. As of September 30, 2017, there were outstanding stock options to purchase 71,630,770 shares of common stock, 20,305,459 shares of which were vested. (See Note 10).

Net Loss per Common Share, basic and diluted

The Company computes earnings (loss) per share under Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 260-10, Earnings Per Share ("ASC 260-10"). Net loss per common share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share, if presented, would include the dilution that would occur upon the exercise or conversion of all potentially dilutive securities into common stock using the "treasury stock" and/or "if converted" methods as applicable.

The computation of basic and diluted income (loss) per share as of September 30, 2017 and 2016 excludes potentially dilutive securities when their inclusion would be anti-dilutive, or if their exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the common stock during the period.

Potentially dilutive securities excluded from the computation of basic and diluted net loss per share are as follows:

	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016
Convertible notes payable	-	147,287,847
Series A convertible preferred stock	-	20,000,000
Options to purchase common stock	71,630,770	23,555,777
Warrants to purchase common stock	135,996	139,145
Totals	71,766,766	190,982,769

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Company's financial instruments that are exposed to a concentration of credit risk are cash and accounts receivable. Generally, the Company's cash and cash equivalents in interest-bearing accounts does not exceed FDIC insurance limits. The financial stability of these institutions is periodically reviewed by senior management.

As of September 30, 2017, four customers, one of which is a related party (US Stem Cell Clinic LLC, a partly owned investment in which the Company holds a 33% member interest), represented 25%, 15%, 16%, and 21% of accounts receivable, respectively, representing an aggregate of 77% of the Company's accounts receivable. As of December 31, 2016, four customers, one of which is the same related party above, represented 45%, 13%, 13%, and 12% of accounts receivable respectively, representing, an aggregate of 83%, of the Company's accounts receivable.

(unaudited)

For the three months ended September 30, 2017, the Company's revenues earned from the sale of products and services were \$1,506,518, of which one customer represented 10% of the Company's revenues, which is a related party (US Stem Cell Clinic LLC, a partly owned investment in which the Company holds a 33% member interest). For the three months ended September 30, 2016, the Company's revenues earned from the sale of products and services were \$729,813, with the same related party above, representing 18% of the Company's revenues.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company's revenues earned from the sale of products and services were \$4,047,415, of which two customers represented 10%, and 11% of the Company's revenues respectively, one of which is a related party (US Stem Cell Clinic LLC, a partly owned investment in which the Company holds a 33% member interest). For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company's revenues earned from the sale of products and services were \$2,118,981, with the same related party above representing 13% of the Company's revenues.

Research and Development

The Company accounts for research and development costs in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 730-10, Research and Development ("ASC 730-10"). Under ASC 730-10, all research and development costs must be charged to expense as incurred. Accordingly, internal research and development costs are expensed as incurred. Third-party research and development costs are expensed when the contracted work has been performed or as milestone results have been achieved as defined under the applicable agreement. Company-sponsored research and development costs related to both present and future products are expensed in the period incurred. The Company incurred research and development expenses of \$3,753 and \$12,242 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively; and \$1,847 and \$9,313 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively.

Fair Value

Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 825-10, Financial Instruments ("ASC 825-10") requires disclosure of the fair value of certain financial instruments. The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and short-term borrowings, as reflected in the balance sheets, approximate fair value because of the short-term maturity of these instruments. All other significant financial assets, financial liabilities and equity instruments of the Company are either recognized or disclosed in the financial statements together with other information relevant for making a reasonable assessment of future cash flows, interest rate risk and credit risk. Where practicable the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities have been determined and disclosed; otherwise only available information pertinent to fair value has been disclosed.

The Company follows Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 820-10, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures ("ASC 820-10") and Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 825-10, Financial Instruments ("ASC 825-10"), which permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value.

Derivative Instrument Liability

The Company accounts for derivative instruments in accordance with ASC 815, which establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments and hedging activities, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other financial instruments or contracts and requires recognition of all derivatives on the balance sheet at fair value, regardless of hedging relationship designation. Accounting for changes in fair value of the derivative instruments depends on whether the derivatives qualify as hedge relationships and the types of relationships designated are based on the exposures hedged. At September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company did not have any derivative instruments that were designated as hedges.

(unaudited)

At December 31, 2016 and through March 8, 2017, the Company had outstanding convertible notes and warrants that contained embedded derivatives. These embedded derivatives include certain conversion features and reset provisions. At September 30, 2017, there were no outstanding convertible notes or warrants with these features. (See Note 6 and Note 8).

Long Term Deposits

Long term deposits are comprised of the following:

On March 3, 2017, the Company entered into a customer purchase agreement whereby the Company agreed to sell, for \$50,000, the first 5,000 customers of the cell banking business after the effective date of the equipment sale/leaseback agreement with rights to purchase additional customers at a price of \$20 per customer. There is no reduction in the selling price should the new customers be fewer than 5,000. The effective date of the sale is upon the expiry or early termination of the related equipment lease transaction (See Notes 4 and 6).

On March 3, 2017, the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement of intellectual property whereby the Company agreed to sell all of the Company's worldwide rights, title or interest in certain intellectual and other property (as defined) associated with the cell banking business for \$50,000. The effective date of the sale is upon the expiry or early termination of the related equipment lease transaction (See Notes 4 and 6).

In connection with the March 3, 2017 asset purchase agreement, the CEO and CSO of US Stem Cell, Inc. were also retained as CEO and CSO of American Stem Cell Centers of Excellence, which is owned by General American Capital Partners (GACP), to help with scientific and successful operational deployment of clinics. The Board of Directors of the Company believes that with continued oversight this will not diminish the responsibilities of the CEO and CSO of the Company and contends that the successful deployment of American Stem Cell Centers of Excellence will lead to the financial value and revenue growth of U.S. Stem Cell, Inc. through sales of its products and services at American Stem Cell Center of Excellence clinics.

Income Taxes

The Company follows Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 740-10, Income Taxes ("ASC 740-10") for recording the provision for income taxes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are computed based upon the difference between the financial statement and income tax basis of assets and liabilities using the enacted marginal tax rate applicable when the related asset or liability is expected to be realized or settled. Deferred income tax expenses or benefits are based on the changes in the asset or liability during each period. If available evidence suggests that it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized, a valuation allowance is required to reduce the deferred tax assets to the amount that is more likely than not to be realized. Future changes in such valuation allowance are included in the provision for deferred income taxes in the period of change. Deferred income taxes may arise from temporary differences resulting from income and expense items reported for financial accounting and tax purposes in different periods.

Deferred taxes are classified as current or non-current, depending on the classification of assets and liabilities to which they relate. Deferred taxes arising from temporary differences that are not related to an asset or liability are classified as current or non-current depending on the periods in which the temporary differences are expected to reverse and are considered immaterial.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2017, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2017-11, Earnings Per Share (Topic 260), Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity (Topic 480), Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815). The amendments in Part I of this Update change the classification analysis of certain equity-linked financial instruments (or embedded features) with down round features.

When determining whether certain financial instruments should be classified as liabilities or equity instruments, a down round feature no longer precludes equity classification when assessing whether the instrument is indexed to an entity's own stock. The amendments also clarify existing disclosure requirements for equity-classified instruments. As a result, a freestanding equity-linked financial instrument (or embedded conversion option) no longer would be accounted for as a derivative liability at fair value as a result of the existence of a down round feature. For freestanding equity classified financial instruments, the amendments require entities that present earnings per share (EPS) in accordance with Topic 260 to recognize the effect of the down round feature when it is triggered. That effect is treated as a dividend and as a reduction of income available to common shareholders in basic EPS.

Convertible instruments with embedded conversion options that have down round features are now subject to the specialized guidance for contingent beneficial conversion features (in Subtopic 470-20, Debt—Debt with Conversion and Other Options), including related EPS guidance (in Topic 260). The amendments in Part II of this Update recharacterize the indefinite deferral of certain provisions of Topic 480 that now are presented as pending content in the Codification, to a scope exception.

Those amendments do not have an accounting effect. For public business entities, the amendments in Part I of this Update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted for all entities, including adoption in an interim period. If an entity early adopts the amendments in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. The Company is currently reviewing the impact of adoption of ASU 2017-11on its financial statements.

There are various other updates recently issued, most of which represented technical corrections to the accounting literature or application to specific industries and are not expected to a have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Subsequent Events

The Company evaluates events that have occurred after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements are issued. Based upon the evaluation, the Company did not identify any recognized or non-recognized subsequent events that would have required adjustment or disclosure in the condensed consolidated financial statements, except as disclosed.

NOTE 2 - GOING CONCERN AND MANAGEMENT'S LIQUIDITY PLANS

The accompanying condensed financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. As shown in the accompanying financial statements during nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company incurred net losses of \$3,828,368 and has a working capital deficit (current liabilities in excess of current assets) of \$5,304,333. These factors among others may indicate that the Company will be unable to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

The Company's primary source of operating funds in 2016 and 2017 has been from revenue generated from sales and cash proceeds from the sale of common stock and the issuance of convertible and other debt. The Company has experienced net losses and negative cash flows from operations since inception, but expects these conditions to improve in 2018 and beyond as it develops its business model. The Company has stockholders' deficiencies at September 30, 2017 and requires additional financing to fund future operations.

The Company's existence is dependent upon management's ability to develop profitable operations, to obtain additional funding sources and realize revenues from the Asset Sale and Lease Agreement described herein. There can be no assurance that the Company's financing efforts or revenues realized from the Asset Sale and Lease Agreement will result in profitable operations or the resolution of the Company's liquidity problems. The accompanying statements do not include any adjustments that might result should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

NOTE 3 — INVESTMENTS

The investment recorded is comprised of a 33% member interest ownership of U.S. Stem Cell Clinic, LLC, accounted for using the equity method of accounting. The investments in 2014 and 2015 of cash and expenses paid on U.S. Stem Cell Clinic, LLC's behalf were in aggregate of \$59,714. The Company's 33% income earned by U.S. Stem Cell Clinic, LLC member interests was \$39,400 and \$178,409 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively, \$54,729 and \$85,927 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively, (inception to date income of \$361,239, unaudited) was recorded as other income/expense in the Company's Statement of Operations in the appropriate periods. In addition, during the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company received distributions totaling \$190,000 from U.S. Stem Cell Clinic, LLC (inception to date of \$365,000, unaudited). The carrying value of the investment at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 was \$55,953 and \$67,544, respectively.

At September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, accounts receivable for sales of test kits to U.S. Stem Cell Clinic, LLC was \$26,799 and \$12,713 respectively; revenues earned from sales to U.S. Stem Clinic, LLC for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 were \$152,779 and \$438,344, respectively; and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 were \$142,774 and \$303,625, respectively.

NOTE 4 — PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment are recorded on the basis of cost. For financial statement purposes, property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives.

Expenditures for repair and maintenance which do not materially extend the useful lives of property and equipment are charged to operations. When property or equipment is sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts with the resulting gain or loss reflected in operations. Management periodically reviews the carrying value of its property and equipment for impairment in accordance with the guidance for impairment of long lived assets.

Property and equipment as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 is summarized as follows:

	tember 30, 2017	De	cember 31, 2016
Laboratory and medical equipment	\$ 5,590	\$	342,218
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	130,410		130,410
Computer equipment	49,951		48,788
Leased equipment	619,825		-
Leasehold improvements	362,046		362,046
	1,167,822		883,462
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	 (664,314)		(862,493)
	\$ 503,508	\$	20,969

On March 3, 2017, the Company entered into an asset sale and lease agreement (sale/leaseback transaction, the "Asset Sale and Lease Agreement"), whereby the Company sold certain lab, medical and other equipment relating to the cell banking business for \$400,000 and leased back the sold equipment over a three year term (See "Lab and Medical Equipment Capitalized Lease") below).

The Company determined that the transaction was a capitalized lease and accordingly recorded the leased assets and liability based on the estimated present value of the minimum lease payments.

(unaudited)

In connection with the sale of the lab, medical and other equipment, the Company realized a gain on sale of equipment of \$386,535. The gain is recognized ratably over the term of the lease to operations. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company recognized \$32,212 and \$75,160 respectively, on the gain on sale of equipment. As of September 30, 2017, deferred gain on sale of equipment was \$311,376.

NOTE 5 — ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses consisted of the following as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

Sept	tember 30, 2017	I	December 31, 2016
\$	223,628	\$	154,296
	367,300		599,510
	146,420		146,429
	92,626		-
	36,115		4,537
\$	866,089	\$	904,772
	\$ \$	\$ 223,628 367,300 146,420 92,626 36,115	\$ 223,628 \$ 367,300 146,420 92,626 36,115

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company issued an aggregate of 12,075,754 shares of its common stock in settlement of outstanding accounts payable and accrued expenses. In connection with the issuance, the Company incurred \$371,175 net loss in settlement of debt.

NOTE 6 — NOTES AND CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE

Notes and capital lease payable were comprised of the following as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

	September 30, 2017			
Seaside Bank note payable.	\$	980,000	\$	980,000
Hunton & Williams note(s) payable		604,000		384,972
Daniel James Management notes payable		-		7,940
Fourth Man, LLC notes payable		-		100,000
Magna Group notes payable		-		130,455
Power Up Lending Group notes payable		173,562		159,300
Lab and medical equipment capitalized lease		793,335		-
Office equipment finance lease		2,972		3,727
Total notes payable		2,553,869		1,766,394
Less unamortized debt discount		(109,456)		(103,479)
Total notes payable net of unamortized debt discount		2,444,413		1,662,915
Less current portion		(1,206,518)		(680,336)
Long term portion	\$	1,237,895	\$	982,579

Seaside Bank

On October 25, 2010, the Company entered into a Loan Agreement with Seaside National Bank and Trust for a \$980,000 loan at 4.25% per annum interest that was used to refinance the Company's loan with Bank of America. The obligation is guaranteed by certain shareholders of the Company. The Company renewed the loan with Seaside National Bank and Trust during the first quarter of 2016 to extend the maturity date to January 11, 2018.

Hunton & Williams Notes

At December 31, 2016, the Company has two outstanding notes payable with interest at 8% per annum due at maturity. The two notes, \$61,150 and \$323,822, are payable in one balloon payment upon the date the Noteholder provides written demand, however the Company is not obligated to make payments until the Northstar (or successor) Loan is paid off.

On August 31, 2017, the Company and the note holder entered into a Note Forbearance, Modification and Repayment Agreement ("Agreement"). The two notes, \$61,150 and \$323,822, were payable in one balloon payment upon the date of a written demand and upon certain triggering events occurring. The total of unpaid principal and accumulated interest for both notes as of August 31, 2017 was \$747,680 and an accounts payable of \$40,596, for an aggregate total of \$788,276.

The note holder agreed to accept full payment of their obligation of over a four (4) year period in 48 monthly installments on an adjusted debt obligation of aggregate \$624,000 (reducing the outstanding balance), such payments staggered in amount such that the Company will pay \$10,000 monthly the first year, \$12,000 monthly the second year, \$14,000 monthly the third year, and \$16,000 monthly the final year. In addition, the note holder agreed to suspend accrual interest on the notes commencing September 1, 2017.

The Agreement remains in full force and effect provided the Company continues to make the monthly payments, there is no event of default as defined in the notes and an agreement to a subordination agreement by NorthStar Biotech Group, LLC, which has been provided.

The Company imputed an interest rate of 5% and discounted the note accordingly. The imputed debt discount of \$69,701 is amortized to interest expense using the effective interest method. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company amortized \$5,172 of debt discounts to current period operations as interest expense. The unamortized debt discount at September 30, 2017 is \$64,529.

In connection with the Agreement, the Company recognized at aggregate of \$233,977 gain on settlement of debt during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Daniel James Management, Fourth Man LLC, and Magna Group

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company paid off \$25,000 of the outstanding notes and issued common stock for the conversion of \$242,427 of outstanding notes payable and accrued interest (See Note 9).

, . . .

PowerUp Lending Group, Ltd (during this period)

On February 22, 2017, the Company entered into a revenue based factoring agreement and received an aggregate of \$165,000 (less origination fees of \$3,300) in exchange for \$221,100 of future receipts relating to monies collected from customers or other third party payors. Under the terms of the factoring agreement, the Company is required to make daily payments equal to \$1,316 for 168 business days. The Company received net proceeds of \$51,700 along with cancellation of the previous revenue based factoring agreement issued in 2016. In connection with the cancellation of the August 2016 revenue based factoring agreement, the Company incurred a loss in settlement of debt of \$41,516.

On September 12, 2017, the Company entered into a revenue based factoring agreement and received an aggregate of \$137,200 (less origination fees of \$2,800) in exchange for \$187,600 of future receipts relating to monies collected from customers or other third party payors. Under the terms of the factoring agreement, the Company is required to make daily payments equal to \$1,276 for 147 business days. The Company received net proceeds of \$103,085 along with cancellation of the previous revenue based factoring agreement issued in February 2017. In connection with the cancellation of the February 2017 revenue based factoring agreement, the Company incurred a gain in settlement of debt of \$2,734.

The remaining principle balance of the PowerUp Lending Group promissory note payable at September 30, 2017 is \$173,562, net of unamortized discount of \$44,927.

Lab and Medical Equipment Capitalized Lease

On March 3, 2017, the Company entered into an asset sale and lease agreement (sale/leaseback transaction; "Asset Sale and Lease Agreement"), whereby the Company sold certain lab, medical and other equipment relating to the cell banking business for \$400,000 and leased back the sold equipment over a three year term. The Company initially recorded the equipment and the capitalized lease liability at the estimated present value of the minimum lease payments of \$619,825. This amount was reduced for lease payments made of \$151,169 and increased by \$324,680 as of September 30, 2017 due to the increase in the effective interest rate from 75.73% to 94.04% resulting in an estimated present value of minimum lease payment of \$793,335 as of September 30, 2017. The net \$173,511 adjustment was recorded as a non-cash interest expense.

The lease includes a base monthly rental payment of \$20,000, due the first day of each calendar month. In addition, the Company is required to pay 2.3%, 22.5%, and 31.6% of revenues collected on deposits arising from cell banking business for years 1, 2 and 3, respectively. At the expiration of the lease, the Company is required to return all leased equipment and along with any maintenance records, logs, etc. in the Company's possession to the lessor with no right of repurchase.

The Company determined that the present value of the minimum lease payments exceeded 90% of the estimated fair value of the equipment and therefore classified the equipment sale/lease as a capitalized lease. The effective interest rate of the capitalized lease is estimated at 94.04% based on expected revenue estimations.

Minimum lease obligations under the lab and medical lease are as follows:

Period endi	ng December 31,		
2017			60,000
2018			240,000
2019			240,000
2020			60,000
Total		\$	600,000

Promissory Note

The Company has a promissory note with an outstanding balance of \$1,397,762 and \$1,472,762 at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

The note is unsecured and non-interest bearing with four semi-annual payments of \$75,000 beginning on December 31, 2015 with the remaining balance due June 1, 2020

The Company imputed an interest rate of 5% and discounted the promissory note accordingly. The imputed debt discount of \$368,615 is amortized to interest expense using the effective interest method. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company amortized \$17,616 and \$53,834 of debt discounts to current period operations as interest expense, respectively. The unamortized debt discount at September 30, 2017 is \$186,687.

NOTE 7 — RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Advances

As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company's officers and directors have provided advances in the aggregate of \$104,901 for working capital purposes. The advances are unsecured, due on demand, and non-interest bearing.

Notes payable-related party

Northstar Biotechnology Group, LLC

On February 29, 2012, a promissory note issued to BlueCrest Master Fund Limited was assigned to Northstar Biotechnology Group, LLC ("Northstar"), owned partly by certain directors and existing shareholders of the Company at the time, including Dr. William P. Murphy Jr., Dr. Samuel Ahn and Charles Hart. At the date of the assignment, the principal amount of the BlueCrest note was \$544,267 the ("Note").

On March 30, 2012, the Company and Northstar agreed to extend until May 1, 2012 the initial payment date for any and all required monthly under the Note, such that the first of the four monthly payments required under the Note will be due and payable on May, 2012 and all subsequent payments will be due on a monthly basis thereafter commencing on June 1, 2012, and to waive any and all defaults and/or events of default under the Note with respect to such payments. The Company did not make the required payment, and as a result, was in default of the revised agreement The Company renegotiated the terms of the Note and Northstar agreed to suspend the requirement of principal payments by the Company and allow payment of interest-only in common stock.

On September 21, 2012, the Company issued 5,000 common stock purchase warrants to Northstar that was treated as additional interest expense upon issuance.

On October 1, 2012, the Company and Northstar entered into a limited waiver and forbearance agreement providing a recapitalized new note balance comprised of all sums due Northstar with a maturity date extended perpetually. The Company agreed to issue 5,000,000 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock and 10,000 shares of common stock in exchange for \$210,000 as payment towards outstanding debt, default interest, penalties, professional fees outstanding and due Northstar. In addition, the Company executed a security agreement granting Northstar a lien on all patents, patent applications, trademarks, service marks, copyrights and intellectual property rights of any nature, as well as the results of all clinical trials, know-how for preparing Myoblasts, old and new clinical data, existing approved trials, all right and title to Myoblasts, clinical trial protocols and other property rights.

(unaudited)

In addition, the Company granted Northstar a perpetual license on products as described for resale, relicensing, and commercialization outside the United States. In connection with the granted license, Northstar shall pay the Company a royalty of up to 8% on revenues generated.

Effective October 1, 2012, the effective interest rate was 12.85% per annum. The parties agreed, as of February 28, 2013, to reduce the interest rate to 7% per annum.

In connection with the consideration paid, Northstar waived, from the effective date through the earlier of termination or expiration of the agreement, satisfaction of the obligations as described in the forbearance agreement.

In 2012, 5,000,000 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock were approved to be issued, which was subsequently increased to 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock as Series A Convertible Preferred Stock. In addition, the Company was obligated to issue additional preferred stock equal in lieu of payment of cash of accrued and unpaid interest on each six month anniversary of the effective date (October 1, 2012). In lieu of the initial two payments in preferred stock, the parties agreed to modify the voting rights of the subsequently cancelled Series A Convertible Preferred Stock from 20 votes per share on matters to be voted on by the common stock holders to 25 votes per share on matters to be voted on by the common stock holders and all prior and subsequent payments of interest will be in common stock. The Company is required to issue additional shares of its common stock (as amended), in lieu of cash, each six month anniversary of the effective date for any accrued and unpaid interest.

On March 1, 2017, Northstar and the Company entered into a settlement agreement ("Settlement Agreement") related to pending litigation (See Note 11). Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Settlement Agreement, Northstar converted its outstanding Series A Convertible preferred stock, into twenty million (20,000,000) shares of common stock. In addition, and separate and apart from the conversion, Northstar received Eleven Million (11,000,000) shares of the Company's common stock. NorthStar will receive ten percent (10%) of all Company international sales (based on a gross sales basis). Furthermore, a NorthStar designee, Greg Knutson, was appointed to the Board of Directors of the Company and two Company directors, Michael Tomas and Kristin Comella, will each exercise their prior NorthStar options to each receive a Five percent (5%) Member Interest in NorthStar. The parties agreed to a mutual release and NorthStar agreed to terminate any UCC lien on the Company assets previously filed for the benefit of NorthStar. On March 9, 2017 and April 1, 2017, the Company issued 30,000,000 and 1,000,000 shares of its common stock, respectively, as described above. In connection with the settlement, the Company recorded a loss on litigation settlement of \$316,800.

On September 30, 2013, the Company issued 8,772 shares of its common stock as payment of \$100,000 towards cash advances.

On December 24, 2013, the Company issued 3,916 shares of its common stock as payment of accrued interest through June 30, 2013 of \$85,447.

On April 2, 2014, the Company issued 275 shares of its common stock in lieu of payment in cash of accrued and unpaid interest of \$12,635 due April 1, 2014 per the forbearance agreement.

On September 17, 2014, the limited waiver and forbearance agreement entered into on October 1, 2012 to provide that the perpetual license on products as described for resale, relicensing and commercialization outside the United States was amended as such on the condition that NorthStar provide certain financing, which financing the Company, in its sole discretion, could decline and retain the license.

On October 3, 2014, the Company issued 515 shares of its common stock in lieu of payment in cash of accrued and unpaid interest of \$12,705 due October 1, 2014 per the forbearance agreement.

On April 3, 2015, the Company issued 1,363 shares of its common stock in lieu of payment in cash of accrued and unpaid interest of \$12,635 due April 1, 2015 per the forbearance agreement.

(unaudited)

On October 2, 2015, the Company issued 4,156 shares of its common stock in lieu of payment in cash of accrued and unpaid interest of \$12,705 due October 1, 2015 per the forbearance agreement.

On October 7, 2015, the Company issued 34,522 shares of its common stock in settlement of \$100,000 principal payment towards the outstanding debt.

On April 7, 2016, the Company issued 57,778 shares of its common stock in lieu of payment in cash of accrued and unpaid interest of \$12,705 due April 1, 2016 per the forbearance agreement.

On October 6, 2016, the Company issued 848,490 shares of its common stock in lieu of payment in cash of accrued and unpaid interest of \$12,705 due October 1, 2016 per the forbearance agreement.

On April 1, 2017, the Company issued 286,315 shares of its common stock in lieu of payment in cash of accrued and unpaid interest of \$12,703 due October 1, 2016 per the forbearance agreement.

As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the principal of this note was \$262,000.

Officer and Director Notes

	September 30, 2017		De	cember 31, 2016
Note payable, Beverly Murphy	\$	-	\$	50,000
Note payable, Mr. Tomas		-		81,420
Note payable, Mr. Tomas		-		375,000
Note payable, Mr. Tomas		162,078		500,000
Note payable, Mr. Tomas		500,000		500,000
Note payable, Mr. Tomas		500,000		-
Note payable, Ms. Comella		-		221,865
Note payable, Ms. Comella		232,648		300,000
Note payable, Ms. Comella		300,000		-
Total	\$	1,694,726	\$	2,028,285

Note payable, Ms. Murphy

On March 29, 2017, the Company issued 1,748,947 shares of common stock in settlement of \$50,000 of outstanding notes payable and accrued interest to Ms. Murphy.

Notes payable, Mr. Tomas

In 2013, the Company issued a promissory note payable for previous advances and accrued compensation. The promissory note bears interest of 5% per annum and due on demand. During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company paid off remaining outstanding balance of \$81,420.

On August 1, 2013, the Company issued a \$375,000 promissory note due on demand in settlement of accrued compensation. The promissory note bears interest of 5% per annum and is due on demand. During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company paid off the outstanding balance of the promissory note.

On July 1, 2014, the Company issued a \$500,000 promissory note in settlement of accrued compensation. The promissory note bears interest of 5% per annum and was due on January 1, 2015. During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company paid off \$337,922 of the outstanding promissory note. The principal outstanding balance of this note as of September 30, 2017 is \$162,078.

(unaudited)

On September 6, 2016, the Company issued a \$500,000 promissory note in exchange for compensation earned. The promissory note bears interest of 5% per annum and is due upon demand. The principal outstanding balance of this note as of September 30, 2017 is \$500,000.

On August 7, 2017, the Company issued a \$500,000 promissory note in exchange for compensation earned. The promissory note bears interest of 5% per annum and is due one year from date of issuance. The principal outstanding balance of this note as of September 30, 2017 is \$500,000.

Notes payable, Ms. Comella

On July 1, 2014, the Company issued a \$300,000 promissory note in settlement of accrued compensation. The promissory note bears interest of 5% per annum and was due on January 1, 2015. During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company paid off the outstanding balance of the promissory note.

On September 6, 2016, the Company issued a \$300,000 promissory note in exchange for compensation earned. The promissory note bears interest of 5% per annum and was due upon demand. During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company paid off \$67,352 of the outstanding promissory note. The principal outstanding balance of this note as of September 30, 2017 is \$232,648.

On August 7, 2017, the Company issued a \$300,000 promissory note in exchange for compensation earned. The promissory note bears interest of 5% per annum and is due one year from date of issuance. The principal outstanding balance of this note as of September 30, 2017 is \$300,000.

NOTE 8 — DERIVATIVE LIABILITIES

In fiscal 2016, the Company issued convertible promissory notes.

These promissory notes were convertible into common stock, at holders' option, at a discount to the market price of the Company's common stock. The Company has identified the embedded derivatives related to these promissory notes relating to certain anti-dilutive (reset) provisions. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company record fair value of the derivatives as of the inception date of these notes and to fair value as of each subsequent reporting date.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the remaining promissory notes were converted or paid off in full settlement.

The fair value of the embedded derivative at note payoff, in the amount of \$185,505, was determined using the Binomial Option Pricing Model based on the following assumptions: (1) dividend yield of 0%; (2) expected volatility of 247.25%, (3) weighted average risk-free interest rate of 0.87%, (4) expected live of 0.54 years, and (5) estimated fair value of the Company's common stock of \$0.0271 per share. The Company reclassified the determined fair value from liability to equity at the time of the payoff.

The Company recorded a loss on change in derivative liabilities of \$1,891,205 during the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The remaining outstanding derivative liability at September 30, 2017 is \$-0-

Based upon ASC 840-15-25 (EITF Issue 00-19, paragraph 11) the Company had adopted a sequencing approach regarding the application of ASC 815-40 to its outstanding convertible promissory notes. Pursuant to the sequencing approach, the Company evaluates its contracts based upon earliest issuance date.

NOTE 9 — STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Preferred stock

On March 6, 2017, the Company issued 20,000,000 shares of its common stock upon conversion of the outstanding 20,000,000 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred stock.

Common stock

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company issued an aggregate of 164,270,878 shares of its common stock for the conversion of \$242,427 of promissory notes payable and related accrued interest. Upon conversion of the promissory notes, the Company recorded an adjustment to the derivative liability in the amount of \$2,002,857 (see Note 6).

On April 7, 2017, the Company entered into an investment agreement whereby the Company agreed to sell an aggregate of 63,873,275 shares of its common stock for a net purchase price of \$5,000,000 (\$0.07828 per share). At the execution of the agreement, the Company sold 3,193,664 shares for a purchase price of \$250,000 with the remaining sale to be completed within 30 days. The investor has the right to terminate the agreement upon written notice and not complete the purchase. Upon completion of the investment, the investor, or his designee, shall fill one vacancy on the Company's Board of Directors. On May 18, 2017 the Company received notice from the investor terminating the agreement and, as such, no other shares were sold.

NOTE 10 — STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS

Stock Options

In December 1999, the Board of Directors and shareholders adopted the 1999 Officers and Employees Stock Option Plan, or the Employee Plan, and the 1999 Directors and Consultants Stock Option Plan, or the Director Plan. The Employee Plan and the Director Plan are collectively referred to herein as the "Plans" The Plans are administered by the Board of Directors and the Compensation Committee. The objectives of the Plans include attracting and retaining key personnel by encouraging stock ownership in the Company by such persons. In February 2010, the Directors & Consultants Plan was amended to extend the termination date of the Plan to December 1, 2011.

On April 1, 2013, the Board of Directors approved, subject to subsequently received shareholder approval, the establishment of the Bioheart 2013 Omnibus Equity Compensation Plan, or the "2013 Omnibus Plan". The 2013 Omnibus Plan initially reserved up to fifty thousand (50,000) shares of common stock for issuance. On August 4, 2014, the Board of Directors approved to set the reserve to one hundred thousand (100,000) shares of common stock for issuance and to close the 1999 Officers and Employees Stock Option Plan. On February 2, 2015, at the annual meeting of shareholders, the majority of shareholders approved the 2013 Omnibus Equity Compensation Plan. On November 2, 2015, the Board of Directors approved the increase of the reserve under the 2013 Omnibus Plan to five hundred million (500,000,000) shares of common stock for issuance, effective September 16, 2016, approved an addition of twenty five million (25,000,000) shares of common stock to the reserve, effective April 21, 2017, approved an addition of twenty five million (25,000,000) shares of common stock to the reserve and effective August 7, 2017, approved an addition of thirty million (30,000,000) shares of common stock to the reserve.

A summary of options at September 30, 2017 and activity during the nine months then ended is presented below:

	Shares	 Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)
Options outstanding at December 31, 2016	23,555,777	\$ 0.03	9.7
Granted	48,075,000	\$ 0.025	10.0
Exercised	_		
Forfeited/Expired	(7)	\$ 0.15	
Options outstanding at September 30, 2017	71,630,770	\$ 0.03	9.4
Options exercisable at September 30, 2017	20,305,459	\$ 0.04	9.3
Available for grant at September 30, 2017	16,408,070		

The following information applies to options outstanding and exercisable at September 30, 2017:

	Exercise Price	Number Outstanding	Option Outstanding Options Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)	v	Veighted Average Exercise price	Number Exercisable	ptions Exercisable Weighted Average Exercise price
\$	0.0043	16,200,000	9.36	\$	0.0043	-	\$ -
	0.0196	22,850,000	8.98		0.0196	11,600,000	0.0196
	0.03626	31,865,000	9.86		0.03626	8,125,000	0.03626
	0.03680	10,000	9.86		0.03680	-	0.03680
	0.15402	705,405	8.00		0.15402	580,169	0.15402
	19.32	150	7.10		19.32	75	19.32
	70.00	100	3.92		70.00	100	70.00
	210.00	40	3.87		210.00	40	210.00
	680.00	40	2.36		680.00	40	680.00
	5,250.00	35	0.55		5,250.00	35	5,250.00
Total		71,630,770	9.37	\$	0.03	20,305,459	\$ 0.04

The aggregate intrinsic value of the issued and exercisable options of \$318,150 and \$20,880, respectively, represents the total pretax intrinsic value, based on options with an exercise price less than the Company's stock price of \$0.0214 as of September 30, 2017, which would have been received by the option holders had those option holders exercised their options as of that date.

On February 6, 2017, the Company granted an aggregate 16,200,000 options to purchase the Company's common stock at \$0.0043 per share to key employees, vesting over 4 years, at grant date anniversary and exercisable over 10 years. The aggregate fair value of \$53,271, determined using the Black Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: Dividend yield: 0%; Volatility: 235.22% and Risk free rate: 1.86%.

On August 7, 2017, the Company granted an aggregate 23,750,000 options to purchase the Company's common stock from \$0.03626 to \$0.0368 per share to key employees, vesting over 4 years, at grant date anniversary and exercisable over 10 years. The aggregate fair value of \$860,211, determined using the Black Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: Dividend yield: 0%; Volatility: 259.16% and Risk free rate: 1.81%.

(unaudited)

On August 7, 2017, the Company granted an aggregate 8,125,000 options to purchase the Company's common stock at \$0.03626 per share to members of the Board of Directors, vesting immediately and exercisable over 10 years. The aggregate fair value of \$293,545, determined using the Black Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: Dividend yield: 0%; Volatility: 259.16% and Risk free rate: 1.81%.

The fair value of all options vesting during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 of \$396,238 and \$562,928, respectively, was charged to current period operations.

The fair value of all options vesting during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 of \$188,009 and \$329,814, respectively, was charged to current period operations.

As of September 30, 2017, the Company had approximately \$1,082,572 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested awards granted under the 2013 Omnibus Plan, which the Company expects to recognize over a weighted average period of 1.92 years.

Warrants

A summary of common stock purchase warrants at September 30, 2017 and activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 is presented below:

	Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)
Outstanding at December 31, 2016	139,145	\$ 173.03	5.5
Issued	-		
Exercised	-		
Expired	(3,149)	\$ 1,767.71	
Outstanding at September 30, 2017	135,996	\$ 136.10	4.8
Exercisable at September 30, 2017	134,451	\$ 49.30	4.8

The following information applies to common stock purchase warrants outstanding and exercisable at September 30, 2017:

Warrants Outstanding			Warrants Exercisable				
		Shares	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Shares		Weighted- Average Exercise Price
\$	0.01 - \$20.00	94,108	5.2	\$ 15.54	94,108	\$	15.54
\$	20.01 - \$30.00	29,743	4.3	\$ 24.52	29,743	\$	24.52
\$	40.01 - \$50.00	6,253	2.1	\$ 48.36	6,253	\$	48.36
\$	50.01 - \$60.00	543	3.8	\$ 60.00	543	\$	60.00
\$	>\$60.00	5,349	3.9	\$ 2,988.07	3,804	\$	1,078.38
		135,996	4.8	\$ 136.10	134.451	\$	49.30

(unaudited)

The aggregate intrinsic value of the issued and exercisable warrants of \$-0- represents the total pretax intrinsic value, based on warrants with an exercise price less than the Company's stock price of \$0.0214 as of September 30, 2017, which would have been received by the warrant holders had those warrants holders exercised their warrants as of that date.

NOTE 11 — COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

On August 30, 2016, Northstar Biotech Group, LLC filed suit against the Company seeking a declaratory judgment as to whether its 20,000,000 Series A Preferred Shares were the subject of the Company's reverse stock split effective November 4, 2015. On March 1, 2017, Northstar and the Company entered into a settlement agreement related to this dispute (the "Settlement Agreement"). Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Settlement Agreement, Northstar, previously a holder of Company preferred stock, has converted such preferred stock to twenty million (20,000,000) shares of common stock. In addition, and separate and apart from the conversion, Northstar received Eleven Million (11,000,000) shares of common stock. NorthStar will receive ten percent (10%) of all Company international sales (based on a gross sales basis). Furthermore, a NorthStar designee, Greg Knutson, was appointed to the Board of Directors of the Company and two Company directors, Michael Tomas and Kristin Comella, will each exercise their prior NorthStar options to each receive a Five percent (5%) Member Interest in NorthStar. The parties agreed to a mutual release and NorthStar agreed to terminate any UCC lien on the Company assets previously filed for the benefit of NorthStar.

The Company is subject at times to other legal proceedings and claims, which arise in the ordinary course of its business. Although occasional adverse decisions or settlements may occur, the Company believes that the final disposition of such matters should not have a material adverse effect on its financial position, results of operations or liquidity. There was no outstanding litigation as of September 30, 2017 other then described above.

NOTE 12 — FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Company adopted the provisions of Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 825-10, Financial Instruments ("ASC 825-10") on January 1, 2008. ASC 825-10 defines fair value as the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities required or permitted to be recorded at fair value, the Company considers the principal or most advantageous market in which it would transact and considers assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, such as inherent risk, transfer restrictions, and risk of nonperformance. ASC 825-10 establishes a fair value hierarchy that requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. ASC 825-10 establishes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions (less active markets); or model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable or can be derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs to the valuation methodology that are significant to the measurement of fair value of assets or liabilities.

All items required to be recorded or measured on a recurring basis are based upon level 3 inputs.

(unaudited)

To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is disclosed and is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Upon adoption of ASC 825-10, there was no cumulative effect adjustment to beginning retained earnings and no impact on the financial statements.

The carrying value of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, short-term borrowings (including convertible notes payable), and other current assets and liabilities approximate fair value because of their short-term maturity.

As of September 30, 2017 or December 31, 2016, the Company did not have any items that would be classified as level 1 or 2 disclosures.

The Company recognizes its derivative liabilities as level 3 and values its derivatives using the methods discussed in note 8. While the Company believes that its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, it recognizes that the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date. The primary assumptions that would significantly affect the fair values using the methods discussed in Notes 6 and 8 are that of volatility and market price of the underlying common stock of the Company.

As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company did not have any derivative instruments that were designated as hedges.

The following table provides a summary of changes in fair value of the Company's Level 3 financial liabilities as of September 30, 2017:

		rivative
	Li	ability
Balance, December 31, 2016		297,156
Total (gains) losses		
Transfers out of Level 3 upon conversion or payoff of notes payable		(2,188,361)
Mark-to-market at September 30, 2017:		1,891,205
Balance, September 30, 2017	\$	-
Net loss for the period included in earnings relating to the liabilities held at September 30, 2017	\$	(1,891,205)

Fluctuations in the Company's stock price are a primary driver for the changes in the derivative valuations during each reporting period. The Company's stock increased approximately 942% from December 31, 2016 to March 8, 2017 (final conversion of convertible notes). As the stock price increases for each of the related derivative instruments, the value to the holder of the instrument generally increases. Stock price is one of the significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of each of the Company's derivative instruments.

The estimated fair value of these liabilities is sensitive to changes in the Company's expected volatility. Increases in expected volatility would generally result in a higher fair value measurement.

(unaudited)

NOTE 13 — SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In October 2017, the Company issued an aggregate of 1,423,647 shares of common stock for services rendered.

In October 2017, the Company issued 559,187 shares of common stock as payment of \$12,704 Northstar interest.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Unless otherwise indicated, references in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to "we," "us," and "our" are to the Company, unless the context requires otherwise. The following discussion and analysis by our management of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed interim financial statements and the accompanying related notes included in this quarterly report and our audited financial statements and related notes and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This report may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act, and we intend that such forward-looking statements be subject to the safe harbors created thereby. These forward-looking statements are based on our management's beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available to our management. Any such forward-looking statements would be contained principally in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Risk Factors." Forward-looking statements include information concerning our possible or assumed future results of operations, business strategies, financing plans, competitive position, industry environment, potential growth opportunities and the effects of regulation. Forward-looking statements include all statements that are not historical facts and can be identified by terms such as "anticipates," "believes," "could," "estimates," "expects," "hopes," "intends," "may," "plans," "potential," "predicts," "projects," "should," "will," "would" or similar expressions.

This report may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act, and we intend that such forward-looking statements be subject to the safe harbors created thereby. These forward-looking statements are based on our management's beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available to our management. Any such forward-looking statements would be contained principally in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Risk Factors." Forward-looking statements include information concerning our possible or assumed future results of operations, business strategies, financing plans, competitive position, industry environment, potential growth opportunities and the effects of regulation. Forward-looking statements include all statements that are not historical facts and can be identified by terms such as "anticipates," "believes," "could," "estimates," "expects," "hopes," "intends," "may," "plans," "potential," "predicts," "projects," "should," "will," "would" or similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. We discuss many of these risks in greater detail in "Risk Factors." Given these uncertainties, you should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Also, forward-looking statements represent our management's beliefs and assumptions only as of the date of this report. You should read this report and the documents that we reference in this report and have filed as exhibits to the report completely and with the understanding that our actual future results may be materially different from what we expect. Except as required by law, we assume no obligation to update these forward-looking statements publicly, or to update the reasons actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements, even if new information becomes available in the future.

Additional information concerning these and other risks and uncertainties is contained in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including the section entitled "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Unless otherwise indicated or the context otherwise requires, all references in this Form 10-Q to "we," "us," "our," "our company," "U. S. Stem Cell, Inc." or the "Company" refer to U.S. Stem Cell, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

Our Ability to Continue as a Going Concern

Our independent registered public accounting firm has issued its report dated March 15, 2017, in connection with the audit of our annual financial statements as of December 31, 2016, that included an explanatory paragraph describing the existence of conditions that raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern and Note 2 to the unaudited financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2017 also describes the existence of conditions that raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

Overview

We are an enterprise in the regenerative medicine/cellular therapy industry. We are focused on the discovery, development, and commercialization of cell based therapeutics that prevent, treat or cure disease by repairing and replacing damaged or aged tissue, cells and organs, and restoring their normal function. Our business includes the development of proprietary cell therapy products as well as revenue generating physician and patient based regenerative medicine/cell therapy training services, revenues realized from an Asset Sale and Lease Agreement (See Note 6 of the Financial Statements and description below) related to the segment of our company business involving collecting, growing and banking cell cultures treatment kits for humans and animals, and the operation of a cell therapy clinic.

US Stem Cell Training, Inc. ("SCT"), an operating division of our company, is a content developer of regenerative medicine/cell therapy informational and training materials for physicians and patients. SCT also provides in-person and online training courses which are delivered through in-person presentations at SCT's state of the art facilities and globally at university, hospital and physician's office locations as well as through online webinars. Additionally, SCT provides hands-on clinical application training for physicians and health care professionals interested in providing regenerative medicine / cell therapy procedures.

Vet biologics, ("VBI"), an operating division of our company, is a veterinary regenerative medicine company committed to providing veterinarians with the ability to deliver the highest quality regenerative medicine therapies to dogs, cats and horses. VBI provides veterinarians with extensive regenerative medicine capabilities including the ability to isolate regenerative stem cells from a patient's own adipose (fat) tissue directly on-site within their own clinic or stall-side.

US Stem Cell Clinic, LLC, ("SCC"), a partially owned investment of our company (in which we have a 33% member interest), is a physician run regenerative medicine/cell therapy clinic providing cellular treatments for patients afflicted with neurological, autoimmune, orthopedic and degenerative diseases. SCC is operating in compliance with the FDA 1271s which allow for same day medical procedures to be considered the practice of medicine. We isolate stem cells from bone marrow and adipose tissue and also utilize platelet rich plasma.

Our comprehensive map of products and services:



All living complex organisms start as a single cell that replicates, differentiates (matures) and perpetuates in an adult organism through its lifetime. Cellular therapy is the process that uses cells to prevent, treat or cure disease, or regenerate damaged or aged tissue. To date, the most common type of cell therapy has been the replacement of mature, functioning cells such as through blood and platelet transfusions. Since the 1970s, first bone marrow and then blood and umbilical cord-derived stem cells have been used to restore bone marrow, as well as blood and immune system cells damaged by the chemotherapy and radiation that are used to treat many cancers. These types of cell therapies are standard of practice world-wide and are typically reimbursed by insurance.

Within the field of cell therapy, research and development using stem cells to treat a host of diseases and conditions has greatly expanded. Stem cells (in either embryonic or adult forms) are primitive and undifferentiated cells that have the unique ability to transform into or otherwise affect many different cells, such as white blood cells, nerve cells or heart muscle cells. Our cell therapy development efforts are focused on the use of adult stem cells; those cells which are found in the muscle, fat tissue and peripheral blood.

There are two general classes of cell therapies: Patient Specific Cell Therapies ("PSCTs") and Off-the-Shelf Cell Therapies ("OSCTs"). In PSCTs, cells collected from a person ("donor") are transplanted, with or without modification, to a patient ("recipient"). In cases where the donor and the recipient are the same individual, these procedures are referred to as "autologous". In cases in which the donor and the recipient are not the same individual, these procedures are referred to as "allogeneic." Autologous cells offer a low likelihood of rejection by the patient and we believe the long-term benefits of these PSCTs can best be achieved with an autologous product. In the case of OSCT, donor cells are expanded many fold in tissue culture, and large banks of cells are frozen in individual aliquots that may result in treatments for as many as 10,000 people from a single donor tissue. By definition, OSCTs are always allogeneic in nature.

Various adult stem cell therapies are in clinical development for an array of human diseases, including autoimmune, oncologic, neurologic and orthopedic, among other indications. While no assurances can be given regarding future medical developments, we believe that the field of cell therapy holds the promise to better the human experience and minimize or ameliorate the pain and suffering from many common diseases and/or from the process of aging.

According to the Scalar Market Research Stem Cell Therapy Analysis Global Revenue, Trends, Growth, Share, Size and Forecast to 2022, the stem cell therapy market is worth USD 11.99 billion in 2016 and is expected to reach USD 60.94 billion by 2022, growing at a CAGR of 31.1% from 2016 to 2022.

Specific to cellular therapy, we are focused on the discovery, development and commercialization of autologous cellular therapies for the treatment of chronic and acute heart damage as well as vascular and autoimmune diseases.

In our pipeline, we have multiple product candidates for the treatment of heart damage, including MyoCell and MyoCell SDF-1. MyoCell and MyoCell SDF-1 are autologous muscle-derived cellular therapies designed to populate regions of scar tissue within a patient's heart with new living cells for the purpose of improving cardiac function in chronic heart failure patients.

MyoCell SDF-1 is intended to be an improvement to MyoCell. MyoCell SDF-1 is similar to MyoCell but the myoblast cells to be injected for use in MyoCell SDF-1 are modified prior to injection by an adenovirus vector or non-viral vector so that they will release extra quantities of the SDF-1 protein, which expresses angiogenic factors.

AdipoCell is a patient-derived cell therapy proposed for the treatment of a variety of degenerative diseases. We hope to demonstrate that these product candidates are safe and effective complements to existing therapies for chronic and acute heart damage.

Our mission is to advance to market novel regenerative medicine and cellular therapy products that substantially benefit humankind. Our business strategy is, to the extent possible, finance our clinical development pipeline through revenue (cash in-flows) generated through the marketing and sales of unique educational and training services, animal health products and personalized cellular therapeutic treatments.

A fundamental shift in venture capital investment strategies where, management believes, financial sponsorship is now directed toward commercial or near commercial enterprises has required us to adapt our mission combining immediate revenue generating opportunities with longer-term development programs. Accordingly, we have developed a multifaceted portfolio of revenue generating products and services in our US Stem Cell Training, Vetbiologics, and US Stem Cell Clinic, operating divisions that will, if successful, financially support its clinical development programs. Our goal is to maximize shareholder value through the generation of short-term profits that increase cash in-flows and decrease the need for venture financings – a modern biotechnology company development strategy.

Today, our company is a combination of opportunistic business enterprises. We estimate that the products and services we offer through US Stem Cell Training, Vetbiologics, and US Stem Cell Clinics has the potential, although we cannot provide assurances as to if and when it will be accomplished, to drive up to \$100 million dollars in cumulative peak annual revenues. What we are establishing is a foundation of value in the products and services we are and plan to sell from US Stem Cell Training, Vetbiologics, and US Stem Cell clinics. Our strategy is to expand the revenues generated from each of these operating divisions and to reinvest the profits we generate into our clinical development pipeline.

On November 9, 2016, we executed a Commercial Agency Agreement with High Rising Group Company (General Trading and Construction) and subsequently, on February 10, 2017, we authorized High Rising Group Company as an independent contractor and Licensee for our company for the territories of Kuwait and the Middle East (expressly excluding prohibited countries pursuant to the Patriot Act and The Iran Threat Reduction and Syria Human Rights Act of 2012). The intent of the agreement is for High Rising Group Company to establish clinics specializing in regenerative medicine, stem cell treatment and therapy, including stem cell bank, training, and all related stem cell machines and equipment. The US Stem Cell Clinic in Kuwait is currently under construction and is expected to open before the end of the year

On January 29th, 2015 we announced an update and diversification of our clinical development pipeline. Our cardiovascular and vascular product candidates have been streamlined, putting, we believe, our best opportunities at the forefront of our efforts. The MYOCELL and MYOCELL SDF-1 candidates will, in our opinion, advance forward in the treatment of chronic heart failure (CHF). We are in active prospective partnering discussion for the MYOCELL SDF-1 program. Partnering, we contend, will enhance our capabilities, reduce our development cost through cost sharing and potentially accelerate our time to approval and commercialization. We will apply our ADIPOCELL to a variety of indications. We believe that updating and diversifying our clinical development programs increases the probability of our success, brings operational and fiscal clarity to our company, and will ultimately enhance shareholder value.

On March 3, 2017, we entered into an asset sale and lease agreement (sale/leaseback transaction; "Asset Sale and Lease Agreement"), with GACP (General American Capital Partners) Stem Cell Bank LLC, a Florida limited liability company ("GACP) whereby we sold certain lab, medical and other equipment relating to the cell banking business for \$400,000 and leased back the sold equipment over a three year term. The lease includes a base monthly rental payment of \$20,000, due the first day of each calendar month. In addition, we are required to pay 2.3%, 22.5% and 31.6% of revenues collected on deposits arising from cell banking business for years 1, 2 and 3, respectively. At the expiration of the lease, we are required to return all leased equipment and along with any maintenance records, logs, etc. in our possession to the lessor with no right of repurchase. In addition, GACP has contractually agreed to invest an additional Two and a half Million Dollars (\$2,500,000) to open ten (10) stem cell clinics in the United States within 3 years--with a penalty provision to our benefit for shortfalls if less than 6 clinics are opened within 24 months.

American Stem Cell Centers of Excellence are clinics derived from the investment group behind the Asset Purchase and Leaseback Agreement. American Stem Cell Centers of Excellence provide comprehensive stem cell treatments using innovative technologies and the latest research with the intent that after treatment, the body's own healing potential naturally repairs and regenerates damaged tissue. With a new clinic in Miami, Florida and, as we intend, additional clinics opening soon around the country, management contends that American Stem Cell Centers of Excellence provides comprehensive stem cell treatments using the U.S. Stem Cell Inc. innovative technologies and the latest regenerative medicine research. U.S. Stem Cell's team of scientists have pioneered these in-clinic regenerative medicine protocols and, in our estimation, have helped thousands of patients through their partly-owned subsidiary U.S. Stem Cell Clinic. American Stem Cell Centers of Excellence would like to replicate this success and have partnered and, with the Board of Directors' approval and continued oversight that this will not diminish their responsibilities to our company, have retained the professional services of both Kristin Comella and Mike Tomas AS CSO AND CEO respectively to help with scientific and successful operational deployment of their clinics. The board of directors contends that the successful deployment of American stem cell centers of excellence will lead to the financial value and revenue growth of US Stem Cell, Inc through sales of our products and services at American Stem Cell Center of Excellence clinics.

We will continue to evaluate and act upon opportunities to increase our top line revenue position and that correspondingly increase cash in-flows. These opportunities include but are not limited to the development and marketing of new products and services, mergers and acquisitions, joint ventures, licensing deals and more.

Further, if the opportunity presents itself whereby we can raise additional capital at a reasonable fair market value, our management will do so. Accordingly, we plan to continue in our efforts to restructure, equitize or eliminate legacy balance sheet issues that are obstacles to market capitalization appreciation and capital fund raising.

Results of Operations Overview

We are a research and development company and our MyoCell product candidate has not received regulatory approval or generated any material revenues and is not expected generate revenues until the late 2017 or into fiscal 2018, if ever. We have generated substantial net losses and negative cash flow from operations since inception and anticipate incurring significant net losses and negative cash flows from operations for the foreseeable future as we continue clinical trials, undertake new clinical trials, apply for regulatory approvals, make capital expenditures, add information systems and personnel, make payments pursuant to our license agreements upon our achievement of certain milestones, continue development of additional product candidates using our technology, establish sales and marketing capabilities and incur the additional cost of operating as a public company.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 as compared to the Three Months Ended September 30, 2016

Revenues

We recognized revenues of \$1,506,518 for the three months ended September 30, 2017. These revenues were generated from the sales of kits and equipment, services, MyoCath Catheters, AdipoCell, and laboratory services. We recognized revenues of \$729,813 for the three months ended September 30, 2016 from the sale of MyoCath catheters, AdipoCell, physician training, patient studies and laboratory services. The differential in revenue reflected an increase based on the products and services provided.

Cost of Sales

Cost of sales consists of the costs associated with the production of MyoCath, laboratory supplies necessary for laboratory services, production of AdipoCell systems and materials, physician course materials, kits and clinic supplies required for patient studies.

Cost of sales were \$482,932 and \$332,522 in the three month periods ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Associated gross margins were \$1,023,586 (67.94%) and \$397,291 (54.44%) for the three months periods ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Research and Development

Our research and development expenses consist of costs incurred in identifying, developing, and testing, our products and services. Research and development expenses were \$3,753 in the three month period ended September 30, 2017, an increase of \$1,906 from the research and development expenses of \$1,847 in the three month period ended September 30, 2016. Current management focus is towards on sales in addition to research and development and its corresponding ongoing costs. The timing and amount of our planned research and development expenditures is dependent on our ability to obtain additional financing.

Marketing, General and Administrative

Our marketing, general and administrative costs were \$2,023,986 for the three month period ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$1,413,929 for the three month period ended September 30, 2016, an increase of \$610,057. The increase in costs are primarily due to increases in consulting and other professional fees, increase in sales and marketing expenses and stock based compensation, as compared to the prior year.

Our marketing, general and administrative expenses primarily consist of the costs associated with our general management and product and service marketing programs, including, but not limited to, salaries and related expenses for executive, administrative and marketing personnel, rent, insurance, legal and accounting fees, consulting fees, travel and entertainment expenses, conference costs and other clinical marketing and trade program expenses.

Loss on settlement of debt

During the three months ended September 30, 2017, we incurred a net gain of \$245,662 primarily related to accounts payable and debt restructured during the current period as compared to a net aggregate loss of \$23,133 for the same period last year.

Gain on sale of equipment

In March 2017, we entered a sale/leaseback transaction whereby we sold our lab and other medical equipment and re-leased the equipment back for 36 months. In connection with the sale/leaseback, we realized a gain on sale of equipment of \$386,536, which we will recognize to operations over the term of the lease (36 months). During the three months ended September 30, 2017, we recognized \$32,212 in current period operations.

(Loss) gain on change in fair value of derivative liabilities

During 2016, we issued convertible promissory notes with an embedded derivative, requiring us to fair value the derivatives each reporting period and mark to market as a non-cash adjustment to our current period operations. This resulted in a loss of \$413,217 on change in fair value of derivative liabilities for the three months ended September 30, 2016, none arising from the current period.

Income from equity investment

Our investment of a 33% member interest ownership of U.S. Stem Cell Clinic, LLC, accounted for using the equity method of accounting. As such, we report our pro rata share of its income or loss for the period. For the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, our pro rata share of its income was \$39,400 and \$54,729, respectively

Interest Expense

Interest expenses during the three months ended September 30, 2017 were \$191,933 compared to \$278,798 for the three months ended September 30, 2016. Interest expenses primarily consists of interest incurred on the principal amount of the Northstar loan, our former Bank of America loan, the Seaside National Bank loan, accrued fees and interest payable to the Guarantors, our capital lease and the amortization of debt discounts and non-cash interest incurred relating to our issued convertible notes payable. The debt discounts amortization and non-cash interest incurred during the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$81,221 and \$182,337, respectively.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 as compared to the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016

Revenues

We recognized revenues of \$4,047,415 for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. These revenues were generated from the sales of kits and equipment, services, MyoCath Catheters, AdipoCell, and laboratory services. We recognized revenues of \$2,118,981 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 from the sale of MyoCath catheters, AdipoCell, physician training, patient studies and laboratory services. The differential in revenue reflected an increase based on the products and services provided.

Cost of Sales

Cost of sales consists of the costs associated with the production of MyoCath, laboratory supplies necessary for laboratory services, production of AdipoCell systems and materials, physician course materials, kits and clinic supplies required for patient studies.

Cost of sales were \$1,228,289 and \$722,276 in the nine month periods ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Associated gross margins were \$2,819,289 (69.66%) and \$1,396,705 (65.91%) for the nine months periods ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Research and Development

Our research and development expenses consist of costs incurred in identifying, developing and testing our products and services. Research and development expenses were \$12,242 in the nine month period ended September 30, 2017, an increase of \$2,929 from the research and development expenses of \$9,313 in the nine month period ended September 30, 2016. Current management focus is towards on sales in addition to research and development and its corresponding ongoing costs. The timing and amount of our planned research and development expenditures is dependent on our ability to obtain additional financing.

Marketing, General and Administrative

Our marketing, general and administrative costs were \$3,638,705 for the nine month period ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$2,676,415 for the nine month period ended September 30, 2016, an increase of \$962,290. The increase in costs are primarily due to increases in consulting and other professional fees, increases in sales and marketing expenses and increases in stock based compensation, as compared to prior year.

Our marketing, general and administrative expenses primarily consist of the costs associated with our general management and product and service marketing programs, including, but not limited to, salaries and related expenses for executive, administrative and marketing personnel, rent, insurance, legal and accounting fees, consulting fees, travel and entertainment expenses, conference costs and other clinical marketing and trade program expenses.

(Loss) gain on settlement of debt

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, we incurred a net loss of \$137,198 primarily related to the settlement of accounts payable and debt restructured during the current period as compared to a net aggregate gain of \$49,681 for the same period last year.

Gain on sale of equipment

In March 2017, we entered a sale/leaseback transaction whereby we sold our lab and other medical equipment and re-leased the equipment back for 36 months. In connection with the sale/leaseback, we realized a gain on sale of equipment of \$386,536 which we will recognize to operations over the term of the lease (36 months). During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, we recognized \$75,160 in current period operations. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, we realized a gain of \$500 for the sale of old equipment.

Loss on change in fair value of derivative liabilities

During 2016, we issued convertible promissory notes with an embedded derivative, requiring us to fair value the derivatives each reporting period and mark to market as a non-cash adjustment to our current period operations. This resulted in a loss of \$1,891,205 on change in fair value of derivative liabilities for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 as compared to a loss of \$269,822 for the same period last year.

Income from equity investment

Our investment of a 33% member interest ownership of U.S. Stem Cell Clinic, LLC, accounted for using the equity method of accounting. As such, we report our pro rata share of its income or loss for the period. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, our pro rata share of its income was \$178,409 and \$85,927, respectively.

Loss on litigation settlement

On March 1, 2017, we settled outstanding litigation with Northstar Biotech Group, LLC whereby we issued 10,000,000 and issued an additional 1,000,000 (for an aggregate of 11,000,000) shares of our common stock at a fair value of \$316,800. Accordingly, we recorded in operations a loss on litigation settlement of \$316,800 for the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Interest Expense

Interest expenses during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 were \$780,092 compared to \$994,713 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Interest expenses primarily consists of interest incurred on the principal amount of the Northstar loan, our former Bank of America loan, the Seaside National Bank loan, accrued fees and interest payable to the Guarantors, our capital lease and the amortization of debt discounts and non-cash interest incurred relating to our issued convertible notes payable. The debt discounts amortization and non-cash interest incurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$341,306 and \$750,856, respectively.

Stock-Based Compensation

Stock-based compensation reflects our recognition as an expense of the value of stock options and other equity instruments issued to our employees and non-employees over the vesting period of the options and other equity instruments. We have granted to our employees options to purchase shares of common stock at exercise prices equal to the fair market value of the underlying shares of common stock at the time of each grant, as determined by our Board of Directors, with input from management.

We follow Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 718-10. Compensation ("ASC 718-10") which requires that all share-based payments to both employee and non-employees be recognized in the income statement based on their fair values.

In awarding our common stock, our Board of Directors considered a number of factors, including, but not limited to:

our financial position and historical financial performance; arm's length sales of our common stock; the development status of our product candidates; the business risks we face; vesting restrictions imposed upon the equity awards; and an evaluation and benchmark of our competitors; and prospects of a liquidity event.

On April 1, 2013, the Board of Directors approved, subject to subsequently received shareholder approval, the establishment of the Bioheart 2013 Omnibus Equity Compensation Plan, or the "2013 Omnibus Plan". The 2013 Omnibus Plan initially reserved up to fifty thousand (50,000) shares of common stock for issuance. On August 4, 2014, the Board of Directors approved to set the reserve to one hundred thousand (100,000) shares of common stock for issuance and to close the 1999 Officers and Employees Stock Option Plan. On February 2, 2015, at the annual meeting of shareholders, the majority of shareholders approved the 2013 Omnibus Equity Compensation Plan. On November 2, 2015, the Board of Directors approved the increase of the reserve under the 2013 Omnibus Plan to five hundred million (500,000,000) shares of common stock for issuance, effective September 16, 2016, approved an addition of twenty five million (25,000,000) shares of common stock to the reserve, effective April 21, 2017, approved an addition of twenty five million (25,000,000) shares of common stock to the reserve and effective August 7, 2017, approved an addition of thirty million (30,000,000) shares of common stock to the reserve.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based upon our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. While our critical accounting policies are described in Note 1 to our financial statements appearing elsewhere in this report, we believe the following policies are important to understanding and evaluating our reported financial results:

Revenue Recognition

We recognize revenue in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 605-10, Revenue Recognition ("ASC 605-10") which requires that four basic criteria must be met before revenue can be recognized: (1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists; (2) delivery has occurred; (3) the selling price is fixed and determinable; and (4) collectability is reasonably assured. Determination of criteria (3) and (4) are based on management's judgments regarding the fixed nature of the selling prices of the products delivered and the collectability of those amounts. Provisions for discounts and rebates to customers, estimated returns and allowances, and other adjustments are provided for in the same period the related sales are recorded.

At the time of each transaction, management assesses whether the fee associated with the transaction is fixed or determinable and whether or not collection is reasonably assured. The assessment of whether the fee is fixed or determinable is based upon the payment terms of the transaction. Collectability is assessed based on a number of factors, including past transaction history with the client and the creditworthiness of the client.

Our primary sources of revenue are from the sale of test kits and equipment, training services, patient treatments and laboratory services, and cell banking.

Revenues for kits and equipment sold are not recorded until kits and equipment are received by the customer. Revenues from trainings are recognized when the training occurs. Any cash received as a deposit for trainings are recorded by the company as a liability.

Patient treatments and laboratory services revenue are recognized when those services have been completed or satisfied.

Revenues for cell banking sales are accounted for as Multiple-Element Arrangements under ASC 605-10 which incorporates Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 605-25, Multiple-Element Arrangements ("ASC 605-25"). ASC 605-25 addresses accounting for arrangements that may involve the delivery or performance of multiple products, services and/or rights to use assets. Because our company sells its services separately, on more than a limited basis and at a price within a narrow range, we were able to allocate revenue based on vendor-specific objective evidence of fair value (VSOE). The multiple elements include stem cell banking, dose retrieval and yearly storage fees.

Research and Development Activities

We account for research and development costs in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 730-10, Research and Development ("ASC 730-10"). Under ASC 730-10, all research and development costs must be charged to expense as incurred. Accordingly, internal research and development costs are expensed as incurred. Third-party research and development costs are expensed when the contracted work has been performed or as milestone results have been achieved as defined under the applicable agreement. Our company-sponsored research and development costs related to both present and future products are expensed in the period incurred.

Derivative financial instruments

Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 815-40, Derivatives and Hedging, Contracts in Entity's own Equity ("ASC 815-40") became effective for us on October 1, 2009. We have identified the embedded derivatives related to the issued Notes and anti-dilutive warrants. These embedded derivatives included in our debt contain certain conversion features and reset provision. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that we record fair value of the derivatives as of the inception date and to fair value as of each subsequent reporting date. At September 30, 2017, we no longer have convertible notes with these embedded features.

Inflation

Our opinion is that inflation has not had, and is not expected to have, a material effect on our operations.

Climate Change

Our opinion is that neither climate change, nor governmental regulations related to climate change, have had, or are expected to have, any material effect on our operations.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

As of September 30, 2017, four customers, one of which is a related party (US Stem Cell Clinic LLC, a partly owned investment in which we hold holds a 33% member interest), represented 25%, 15%, 16%, and 21% of accounts receivable, respectively, representing an aggregate of 77% of our accounts receivable. As of December 31, 2016, four customers, one of which is the same related party above, represented 45%, 13%, 13%, and 12% of accounts receivable respectively, representing, an aggregate of 83%, of our accounts receivable.

For the three months ended September 30, 2017, our revenues earned from the sale of products and services were \$1,506,518, of which one customer represented 10% of our revenues, which is a related party (US Stem Cell Clinic LLC, a partly owned investment in which we hold a 33% member interest). For the three months ended September 30, 2016, our company's revenues earned from the sale of products and services were \$729,813, with the same related party representing 18% of our revenues.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, our company's revenues earned from the sale of products and services were \$4,047,415, of which two customers represented 10%, and 11% of the our revenues, one of which is a related party (US Stem Cell Clinic LLC, a partly owned investment in which we hold a 33% member interest). For the nine months ended September 30, 2016 our company's revenues earned from the sale of products and services were \$2,118,981, with the same related party above representing 13% of our revenues.

As of September 30, 2017, four customers represented, one of which is a related party (US Stem Cell Clinic LLC, a partly owned investment in which we hold a 33% member interest), represented 11%, 29%, 13% and 38% of accounts receivable, respectively, representing an aggregate of 91% of our accounts receivable. As of December 31, 2016, four customers, one of which is the same related party above, represented 45%, 13%, 13%, and 12% of accounts receivable respectively, representing, an aggregate of 83%, of our accounts receivable.

Recent Accounting Policies

There are various other updates recently issued, most of which represented technical corrections to the accounting literature or application to specific industries and are not expected to a have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

In the nine months ended September 30, 2017, we achieved positive cash flow from operations of \$1,026,129 but will continue to finance our considerable operational cash needs with cash generated from financing activities.

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$1,026,129 in the nine month period ended September 30, 2017 as compared to \$113,432 of cash used in the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Our cash provided by for operations in the nine months ended September 30, 2017 reflected a net loss generated during the period of \$3,828,368, adjusted for non-cash items such as stock-based compensation of \$562,928, loss on settlement of litigation of \$316,800, depreciation of \$124,984, amortization of debt discounts and non-cash interest of \$341,306, net loss on change in fair value of derivative liabilities of \$1,891,205, loss on settlement of debt of \$137,198, related party notes payable issued for services of \$800,000, net bad debt recoveries of \$1,327, net gain on sale of property and equipment of \$75,160 and income from investments of \$178,409. In addition we had a net increase in operating assets of \$114,413 and an increase in accrued expenses of \$372,360, accounts payable of \$519,352 and in deferred revenue of \$157,673.

Investing Activities

Net cash provided by investing activities was \$688,838 for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 represented proceeds from our equity investment of \$190,000, \$400,000 from sale of property and equipment and \$100,000 receipt of deposit for the sale of our intellectual property and customers, net with purchase of equipment of \$1,162 as compared to cash provided by investing activities of \$115,000 from our equity investments and \$500 from sale of property and equipment, net with purchase of equipment of \$12,581 for the same period last year.

Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities was an aggregate of \$1,029,072 in the nine month period ended September 30, 2017 as compared to cash provided of \$198,132 in the nine month period ended in September 30, 2016. In the nine month period ended September 30, 2017, we received \$250,000 from the sale of shares of our common stock and proceeds from restructuring of financing agreement of \$154,785, net with repayments of notes payable of \$350,298 and \$1,083,559 related party notes

Existing Capital Resources and Future Capital Requirements

Our MyoCell product candidate has not received regulatory approval or generated any material revenues. We do not expect to generate any material revenues or cash from sales of our MyoCell product candidate until commercialization of MyoCell, if ever. We have generated substantial net losses and negative cash flow from operations since inception and anticipate incurring significant net losses and negative cash flows from operations for the foreseeable future. Historically, we have relied on proceeds from the sale of our common stock and our incurrence of debt to provide the funds necessary to conduct our research and development activities and to meet our other cash needs.

At September 30, 2017, we had cash and cash equivalents totaling \$956,615. However our working capital deficit as of such date was approximately \$5.3 million. Our independent registered public accounting firm has issued its report dated March 15, 2017 in connection with the audit of our financial statements as of December 31, 2016 that included an explanatory paragraph describing the existence of conditions that raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern and Note 2 of our unaudited financial statement for the quarter ended September 30, 2017 addresses the issue of our ability to continue as a going concern.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that are material to investors.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Not required under Regulation S-K for "smaller reporting companies."

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As required under Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), we carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Accounting Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2017. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Accounting Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2017 were not effective, for the same reasons as previously disclosed under Item 9A. "Controls and Procedures" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for our fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

Changes in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-(f) of the Exchange Act) that occurred during the our last fiscal quarter to which this report relates that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

On March 1, 2017, Northstar and the Company entered into a settlement agreement ("Settlement Agreement") related to pending litigation (See Note 11). Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Settlement Agreement, Northstar converted its outstanding Series A Convertible preferred stock, into twenty million (20,000,000) shares of common stock. In addition, and separate and apart from the conversion, Northstar received Eleven Million (11,000,000) shares of the Company's common stock. NorthStar will receive ten percent (10%) of all Company international sales (based on a gross sales basis). Furthermore, a NorthStar designee, Greg Knutson, was appointed to the Board of Directors of the Company and two Company directors, Michael Tomas and Kristin Comella, will each exercise their prior NorthStar options to each receive a Five percent (5%) Member Interest in NorthStar. The parties agreed to a mutual release and NorthStar agreed to terminate any UCC lien on the Company assets previously filed for the benefit of NorthStar.

We are subject from time to time to litigation, claims and suits arising in the ordinary course of business. As of September 30, 2017, we were not a party to any material litigation, claim or suit whose outcome could have a material effect on our unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Not required under Regulation S-K for "smaller reporting companies."

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

There were no defaults upon senior securities during the period ended September 30, 2017

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Exhibit Description
2.1(20)	Accest Sole and Leave Accessment between LLC Stem Cell Line and CACD Stem Cell Domb LLC dated March 2, 2017
2.1(20) 2.2(20)	Asset Sale and Lease Agreement between U.S. Stem Cell, Inc. and GACP Stem Cell Bank LLC., dated March 3, 2017. Asset Purchase Agreement between U.S. Stem Cell, Inc. and GACP Stem Cell Bank LLC., dated March 3, 2017.
2.3(20)	Customer Purchase Agreement between U.S. Stem Cell, Inc. and GACP Stem Cell Bank LLC., dated March 3, 2017.
3.1 (1)	Articles of Incorporation
3.2(5)	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation
3.3(8)	Articles of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation
3.4(17)	Articles of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation
3.5 (7)	Amended and Restated Bylaws
3.6(19)	Amendment to Bylaws
4.1(4)	Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of May 31, 2007 by and between BlueCrest Capital Finance, L.P. and the Registrant
4.2(9)	Amendment to Loan and Security Agreement, between the Company and BlueCrest Venture Finance Master Fund Limited, dated as of April 2, 2009
4.3(9)	Grant of Security Interest (Patents), between the Company and BlueCrest Venture Finance Master Fund Limited, dated as of April 2, 2009
4.4(9)	Security Agreement (Intellectual Property), between the Company and BlueCrest Venture Finance Master Fund Limited, dated as of April 2, 2009
4.5(9)	Subordination Agreement, by Hunton & Williams, LLP in favor of BlueCrest Venture Finance Master Fund Limited, entered into and effective April 2, 2009
4.6(9)	Amended and Restated Promissory Note, dated April 2, 2009, by the Company to BlueCrest Venture Finance Master Fund Limited
4.7(9)	Warrant to purchase shares of the Registrant's common stock, dated April 2, 2009, issued to BlueCrest Venture Finance Master Fund Limited
4.8(10)	Warrant to purchase shares of the Registrant's common stock, dated April 2, 2009, issued to Rogers Telecommunications Limited
4.9(10)	Warrant to purchase shares of the Registrant's common stock, dated April 2, 2009, issued to Hunton & Williams, LLP
4.10 (15)	Series A Convertible Preferred Stock
10.1(1)	Lease Agreement between the Registrant and Sawgrass Business Plaza, LLC, as amended, dated November 14, 2006.
10.2(3)	Loan Guarantee, Payment and Security Agreement, dated as of June 1, 2007, by and between the Registrant, Howard J. Leonhardt and Brenda
	<u>Leonhardt</u>
10.3(3)	Loan Guarantee, Payment and Security Agreement, dated as of June 1, 2007, by and between the Registrant and William P. Murphy Jr., M.D.
10.4(3)	Loan Agreement, dated as of June 1, 2007, by and between the Registrant and Bank of America, N.A.
10.5(5)	Loan Guarantee, Payment and Security Agreement, dated as of September 12, 2007, by and between the Registrant and Samuel S. Ahn, M.D.
10.6(5)	Loan Guarantee, Payment and Security Agreement, dated as of September 12, 2007, by and between the Registrant and Dan Marino
10.7(5)	Loan Guarantee, Payment and Security Agreement, dated as of September 19, 2007, by and between the Registrant and Jason Taylor
10.8(6)	Loan Guarantee, Payment and Security Agreement, dated as of October 10, 2007, by and between the Registrant and Howard and Brenda Leonhardt
10.9(6)	Second Amendment to Loan Guarantee, Payment and Security Agreement, dated as of October 10, 2007, by and between the Registrant and
10.10/10	Howard and Brenda Leonhardt
10.10(6)	Second Amendment to Loan Guarantee, Payment and Security Agreement, dated as of October 10, 2007, by and between the Registrant and
10 11/11)	William P. Murphy, Jr., M.D.
10.11(11)	Loan Agreement with Seaside National Bank and Trust, dated October 25, 2010.
10.12(11)	Promissory Note with Seaside National Bank and Trust, dated October 25, 2010.
10.13(11)	Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with BlueCrest Venture Finance Master Fund Limited, dated October 25, 2010.
10.14(12)	Unsecured Convertible Promissory Note for \$25,000, with Magna Group, LLC, dated January 3, 2011.
10.15(12)	Promissory Note for \$139,728.82 with Magna Group, LLC, dated January 3, 2011. Unsecured Convertible Promissory Note for \$34,750, with Magna Group, LLC, dated May 16, 2011.
10.16(13) 10.17(13)	Onsecured Convertible Promissory Note for \$34,750, with Magna Group, LLC, dated May 16, 2011. Promissory Note for \$139,728.82 with Magna Group, LLC, dated May 16, 2011.
10.17(13)	2013 U.S. Stem Cell, Inc. Omnibus Equity Compensation Plan
10.19 (16)	Senior Convertible Note with Magna Equities II, LLC, dated October 1, 2015
10.19 (10)	Semor Convertible Prote with Magna Equities II, LLC, dated October 1, 2015
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10.20 (16)	Securities Purchase Agreement, dated as of October 1, 2015, by and between Magna Equities II, LLC and U.S. Stem Cell, Inc.
10.21(16)	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of October 1, 2015, by and between Magna Holdings I, LLC and U.S. Stem Cell, Inc.
10.22(18)	Senior Convertible Note Magna Equities II, LLC, dated December 3, 2015
10.23 (18)	Amended and Restated Senior Convertible Note, dated December 3, 2015.
10.24 (18)	Securities Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 3, 2015, by and between Magna Equities II, LLC and U.S. Stem Cell, Inc.
10.25 (18)	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of December 3, 2015, by and between Magna Holdings I, LLC and U.S. Stem Cell, Inc.
10.26 (20)	Non-Competition and Non-Solicitation Agreement between U.S. Stem Cell, Inc. and GACP Stem Cell Bank LLC., dated March 3, 2017.
14.1(2)	Code of Business Conduct and Ethics
31.01	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Accounting Officer) pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and
	15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
32.01	Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Accounting Officer) pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted
	pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
101 INS	XBRL Instance Document
101 SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101 CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Calculation Linkbase Document
101 DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101 LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Labels Linkbase Document
101 PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Presentation Linkbase Document
*	Filed herewith
**	Indicates management contract or compensatory plan.
(1)	Incorporated by reference to the Company's Form S-1 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on February 13, 2007.
(2)	Incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Form S-1 filed with the SEC on June 5, 2007.
(3)	Incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 3 to the Company's Form S-1 filed with the SEC on August 9, 2007.
(4)	Incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 4 to the Company's Form S-1 filed with the SEC on September 6, 2007.
(5)	Incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 5 to the Company's Form S-1 filed with the SEC on October 1, 2007.
(6)	Incorporated by reference to Post-effective Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Form S-1 filed with the SEC on October 11, 2007.
(7)	Incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 3, 2008.
(8)	Incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 8, 2008.
(9)	Incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 8, 2009.
(10)	Incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on April 15, 2009.
(11)	Incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 29, 2010.
(12)	Incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 12, 2011.
(13)	Incorporated by reference to the Company Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 25, 2011.
(14)	Incorporated by reference to the Company Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on May 9, 2013.
(15)	Incorporated by reference to the Company's Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed with the SEC on April 28, 2014.
(16)	Incorporated by reference to the Company Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 2, 2015.
(17)	Incorporated by reference to the Company Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 4, 2015.
(18)	Incorporated by reference to the Company Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 4, 2015.
(19)	Incorporated by reference to the text of the Company Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 3, 2016.
(20)	Incorporated by reference to the Company Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 8, 2017.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

U.S. Stem Cell, Inc.

Date: November 7, 2017

By: /s/ Mike Tomas

Mike Tomas Chief Executive Officer & President and Principal Financial and Accounting Officer

Exhibit 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Principal Accounting Officer

I, Mike Tomas, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of U.S Stem Cell, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 7, 2017

/s/ Mike Tomas

Name: Mike Tomas

President and Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer and Principal

Accounting Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Mike Tomas, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge, U.S. Stem Cell, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2017 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: November 7, 2017

/s/ Mike Tomas

Name: Mike Tomas

President and Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer and Principal Accounting

Officer